

CHINA



MAIL.

Established February, 1845.

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

VOL. XXXIV. No. 4700. 1878.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1878.

日八月六年寅戌

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALAN, 8, *Clement's Lane*,
Lombard Street, GEORGE STREET, 30,
Cornhill, GORDON & GOTCH, *Ludgate*
Circus, E. C. BATES, BENDY & CO.,
4, Old Jewry, E. C. SAMUEL DEACON &
CO., 160 & 164, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—LEON DE ROSY,
10, Rue Monceau, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 138, *New*
Canal Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW
ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, *Mel*
bourn and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports
generally.—BROWN & BLACK, *San Fran*
cisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS.—SAYLE &
CO., *Square, Singapore*. C. HEINSSEN
& CO., *Manila*.

CHINA.—Macao, MEERS A. A. DE MELLO
& CO., *Swatow*, CAMPBELL & CO.,
AMoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & CO.,
FOOCHOW, HEDGES & CO., *Shanghai*,
JAMES, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY
& WALSH, *Yokohama*, LANE, CRAWFORD
& CO., *London*.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING
CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars.
RESERVE FUND, 1,000,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.
Chairman—F. D. SASOON, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
E. R. BELLIOS, Esq. ADAM LIND, Esq.
H. L. DALEYNPLE, WILHELM REINHOLD,
Esq. Esq.
H. HOPFUS, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.
Hon. W. KESWICK.

CHIEF MANAGER,
Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
MANAGER,
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS.—London and County
Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.
ON Current Deposit Account at the rate
of 1 per cent. per annum on the daily
balance.

For Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
6 " 4 per cent. "
12 " 5 per cent. "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.
Credits granted on approved Securities,
and every description of Banking and
Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the
chief Commercial places in Europe, India,
Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager,
Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East,
Hongkong, February 27, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUS-
TRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, £800,000.
RESERVE FUND, £150,000.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE CITY BANK.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongkong
grants Drafts on London and the
chief Commercial places in Europe and the
East; buys and receives for collection Bills
of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of
Banking and Exchange business.

Local Bills discounted, and interest
allowed on Current Accounts and on De-

posits for fixed periods on terms which may
be ascertained on application.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instruc-
tions from H. M. Naval Store-
keeper, to sell by Public Auction, on
WEDNESDAY,

the 7th August, 1878, at 11 a.m., at H.
M. Naval Yard.

Sundry Condemned Naval and Victu-
alling STORES, comprising:—
Old Wrought Iron, Hoses, Glass, Rags,
Boots, Biscuit Dust, Chocolate, Peas,
Tobacco.

FRESH Duck, Serge, Shoes,
Library Books, Implements, etc., etc.
4nd,

1 Iron Lathe.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery
in Mexican Dollars, weighed at 7.17.
The Lot or Lots, with all faults and errors
of description, at purchaser's risk on the
fall of the hammer.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Government Auctioneer,
Hongkong, July 25, 1878.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

EX-LATE ARRIVALS.

CUBB'S CASH and DEED BOXES.

RODGERS & SONS' Celebrated CUT-
LERY.

MAPPIN BROS.' GENTS' DRESSING
CASES.

WATERLOW'S & DE LA Rue's STA-
TIONERY.

BILLIARD CLOTHS, and BILLIARD
CHALK.

BILLIARD CUE CEMENT and TIPS.

TABLE GLASSWARE & CROCKERY.

BRUSH-WARE of all Kinds.

ALBUMS.

NOVELS, SCHOOL BOOKS, PRESEN-
TATION BOOKS, &c.

FINE KENT HOPS.

MALT.

CARBOLIC ACID.

CAUSTIC SODA.

CHLORIDE OF LIME.

CROSBY & BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED HOUSEHOLD
STORES.

California SODA CRACKERS.

Family PIG PORK in kegs.

Family MESS BEEF in kegs.

Compressed CORNED BEEF.

Compressed OX TONGUES.

Compressed HAM.

BARCELONA and
PEA NUTS,
&c., &c., &c.

TEYSONNEAU's FRUITS, in BRANDY,
NOYEAU, and JUICE.

French JAMS and JELLIES.

"O. K." BOURBON WHISKEY

(Bottled by L. A. & Co.)

Bass's ALE, in pints and qts., bottled
by Cameron and Saunders.

GUINNESS's STOUT, in pints and qts.,
bottled by E. J. Burke.

BARCLAY & PERIN'S PORTER, in Kilder-
kins and Huds.

CLARET, in Cask.

&c., &c., &c.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & CO.

Hongkong, July 19, 1878.

CHINA SUGAR REFINING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

THIS REFINERY MANUFACTURES

LANDSTEIN & CO.

Hongkong, July 15, 1878.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR

1877.

SHAREHOLDERS in the above Office
are requested to furnish their Under-
signed with List of their Contribution
for the Year ending 31st December, 1877,
in order that the distribution of the Profits
reserved for Contributors may be arranged.

Returns not rendered prior to the 31st

August next, will be adjusted by the Office,

and no Claims or Alterations will be sub-
sequently admitted.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,
General Agents.

Hongkong, July 12, 1878.

NOTICE.

THE OFFICES of the Undersigned
have been temporarily REMOVED
to the Premises in DUDDELL STREET,
formerly occupied by Messrs. NORTON & CO.

LANDSTEIN & CO.

Hongkong, July 15, 1878.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR

1877.

MR. H. SCHÜREN respectfully requests
all Persons desirous to have their
Portraits, to notice well the earlier hours
for sitting, as the only means to obtain,
during the present season, those fine half
tints and details so much admired, espe-
cially in White Dresses. Photos taken after
10 o'clock a.m. cannot be guaranteed to be
to every satisfaction.

The Atelier cannot be Open for more
than Two Months.

NOVELTY.

MR. H. SCHÜREN'S NEW SALOON
PICTURES,

THE FINEST PRESENTS TO BE CHOSEN.

No Really Elegant Drawing Room should
be without them.

MR. SCHÜREN has much pleasure in
introducing in this Colony, the new
Style of Photos which undoubtedly will
find admirers amongst the intelligent.

The new Saloon Picture is unrivaled for
its effects in artistic lighting, and its
beautiful details, especially for LADY'S
EVENING DRESSES and every kind of EM-
BROIDERED and PLAIN WHITE DRESSES.

Hongkong, July 10, 1878.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Following in the SCALE of RATES
for SILK, with Average, that will
be Charged by the above Company at this
Port for the present Season.

To the Continent, by Mail Steamers, ... 1 %

United Kingdom: do. do. by Holt's & Glen Stras., ... 1 %

do. by Castle Stras., ... 1 %

do. by other 1st-class Stras., ... 2 %

By Order, W. H. RAY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, July 3, 1878.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

Packed specially for this Climate.

BRANDS.

Smoking Mixture. Mild Strength.

Happy Thought. Medium Strength.

Dollar Brand. Full Strength.

The above-named Tobacco are cut and
packed under our own supervision from the
stock received fresh each month from the
manufacturers.

AGENTS.

Hongkong, Messrs. LAMBERT, ATKINSON & CO.

AMOY, HEDGES & CO.

FOOTOW, CAMPBELL & CO.

CHIPOO, H. SITAS & CO.

TIENTEEN, G. W. COLLINS & CO.

NEWCHAWAN, F. A. SCHULZ & CO.

HONGKONG, KELLY & WALSH'S, Shanghai.

KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama.

KELLY & CO., Yokohama.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

I HAVE the honour to announce that
MR. FAIRCLOUGH, the Great Tragedian—
whose successes in London, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and
India, have been unrivaled—will SHORT-
LY VISIT HONGKONG en route for
San Francisco.

DUNCAN MACALLUM,
Agent.

Hongkong, July 4, 1878.

DENTAL NOTICE.

D. R. ROGERS begs to intimate that he
has RETURNED, and is now ready
to receive Patients at No. 7, ABBUTHOT

ROAD.

Hongkong, July 4, 1878.

REMEDIOS & CO.

Hongkong, July 20, 1878.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

MR. CHARLES J. HIRST has been authorized to sign our Firm per Procurator.

HESSE & CO.
Hongkong, July 23, 1878.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM in our Firm in Hongkong and China, ceases on the 31st December last.

RUSSELL & CO.
China, March 8, 1878.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. ARTHUR CHART in our Firm ceases on the 31st December last.

J. INGLIS & CO.
Hongkong, June 13, 1878.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the Undersigned in the Chinese Mail, 华字日报 (Wah Tsz Yat Po), ceases from the 1st August, 1878, but Debts prior to that Date will be received and paid by him.

CHUN AYIN.
Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

NOTICE.

IN Reference to the above, the Undersigned has leased the Chinese Mail from the 1st August, 1878, and has engaged the services of Mr. LEONG YOON CHIN, as Translator and General Manager of the newspaper, which under its new régime will be found to be, as hitherto, an excellent medium for advertising, especially as the Manager is able to devote his whole attention to the conduct of the newspaper.

KONG CHIM,
Lessee of the Hongkong Chinese Mail.
Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

TO LET.

A THREE-STORIED DWELLING-
HOUSE, No. 113, Queen's Road
(Spring Gardens). Water laid on.
Apply to D. NOWROOZEE,
HONGKONG HOTEL.

Hongkong, July 26, 1878.

TO LET.

THE DWELLING-HOUSE NO. 6,
Mosque Terrace,
THREE OFFICES, in Club Chamber.
The BUNGALOW, No. 24, Gago Street.
Apply to DOUGLAS, LAPRAIK & CO.

Hongkong, July 12, 1878.

TO LET.

IN the Houses on MARINE LOT 66, formerly known as the Blue House, situated on Praya East.—
HOUSE No. 2, Praya East. The basement, together with First Floor, or separate if desired, with possession on the 1st of July.
HOUSE No. 3, Praya East. The whole House or in Flats, with possession on the 1st of August.

As also,
The Dwelling House to the Eastward of Pier at Wanchai. May be had as an entire Dwelling or in Apartments of two or three rooms to suit convenience, with immediate possession. Fine spacious Verandah looking on to Harbour.

TO LET.

FIRST CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS,
attached to Blue Houses at Wanchai,
MARINE LOT 66.

For particulars, apply to MEYER & CO.

Hongkong, June 21, 1878.

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 9, Queen's Road Central, with Godowns attached.
House No. 2, and 9, Seymour Terrace.

DAVID SASOON, SONS & CO.
Hongkong, January 4, 1878.

Volume Sixth of the
"CHINA REVIEW."

NEW READY.

NO. 6.—VOL. VI.
OF THE

CHINA REVIEW.

CONTAINS—

Tabular View of the Officials composing the Chinese Provincial Governments.

Imperial Confucianism.

Brief Sketches from the Life of K'ung-fu-tzu.

Chinese Allegory.

The Concise Dictionary of Chinese.

The Coran Languages.

To the Kwei 畏子 Rules for Sons and Younger Brothers.

Short Notices of New Books and Literary Intelligence.

Notes and Queries.—

In Memoriam.

Wu Yu and Shun Historical Persons.

Whirlwind at Canton.

Zoology.

Errata.

Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c.

China Mail Office.

Hongkong, July 8, 1878.

Notices to Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Consignees of the undernoted Cargo are hereby informed that unless the same be taken delivery of within one month from this Date, it will be sold to defray expenses.

A R 1/2, 2 Cases MUSKETS,
Ex "Oxfordshire,"
from London, 3rd March, 1876.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.
Hongkong, June 29, 1878.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and
Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, Agents at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per cent.

GILMAN & CO.,
Agents,
Hongkong, July 6, 1878.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
of

His Majesty King George The First,
A.D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are prepared to grant Insurances as follows:

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & CO.

Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE
COMPANY OF MANCHESTER
AND LONDON.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & CO.

Hongkong, October 14, 1868.

SHEONG ON FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

Directors.

KWOK ACEHONG, Merchant.

FANG YIM, Merchant.

HO SAM, of Hop Yee Chan, Merchant.

LEE YEE, of Yee On Hong, Merchant.

LEE SING, of Lai Hing Firm, Merchant.

CHENG SING-YONG, Merchant.

CHOW CHAN, Merchant.

Manager—HO AMEL.

POLICIES against FIRE granted on BUILDINGS and on GOODS stored therein at CURRENT RATES, subject to DISCOUNT of 20% on the Premium.

OFFICE, Nos. 8 and 9, Praya West.

Hongkong, August 23, 1877.

au23

YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL—Fully Paid-up..... £1,420,000
PERMANENT RESERVE..... 250,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND..... 104,000
Total Capital and accumulations this date..... £1,754,000

Directors:

F. B. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.

M. P. EVANS, Esq. | C. LUCAS, Esq.

C. KREBS, Esq. | W. MEYERINE, Esq.

Secretaries:

MESSRS. RUSSELL & CO., Shanghai.

London Bankers:

MESSRS. BABING BROTHERS & CO.

Agencies in:

HONGKONG, LONDON, SAN FRANCISCO, and

the Principal Ports in the East.

POLICIES granted on Marine Risks to all parts of the World, at current rates.

Subject to a charge of 12% for interest on Shareholders' Capitals, ALL THE PROFITS of the UNDERWRITING BUSINESS will be annually distributed among all Contributors of BUSINESS in proportion to the premium paid by them.

Efforts have been made to establish Agents for circulating the Chinese Mail in all the ports and in the interior of China, all the ports in Japan, in Saigon, Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, Batavia, Manila, the Philippines, Australia, San Francisco, Peru and other places which Chinese frequent.

When the list of Agencies is completed, it will be published. Agents have been

already established in most of the above places, and in important ports more than one agent has been appointed at each.

Hongkong, February 23, 1874.

au23

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY,

IN LIQUIDATION.

A FIFTH RETURN OF CAPITAL at the Rate of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per SHARE will be made to Shareholders of Record on 8th July, payable at the Office of the Liquidators, on MONDAY, the 15th July.

Warrants will then be delivered by the Undersigned to Shareholders, or their lawful representatives, on presentation of Share Certificates for Endorsement.

The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th to the 15th July, inclusive.

By Order,

OLYPHANT & CO.,

General Agents.

Hongkong, April 17, 1873.

au23

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELOCHERS & CO.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

au23

WASHING BOOKS.

(In English and Chinese.)

WASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use

of Ladies and Gentlemen, are now ready at this Office.—Price, 5/- each.

CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

au23

INSURANCES.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE)

CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS POUNDS.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single Life.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-

posals or any other information, apply to

ARNOLD, KARBERG & CO.,

Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

au23

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of £45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therewith, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premium.

NORTON & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

au23

THE SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY.

Intimations.

**CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES.**

Nine Prize Medals, Paris, Vienna and Philadelphia.

PICKLES AND SAUCES,
JAMS AND JELLES,
ORANGE MARMALADE,
TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS,
PURE SALAD OIL,
MUSTARD, VINEGAR,
POTTED MEATS AND FISH,
FRESH SALMON AND HERRINGS,
HERRINGS IN SAUCE,
YARNOUTH BLOATERS,
BLACKWALL WHITEBAIT,
PREPARED SOUPS, IN TINS,
PRESERVED VEGETABLES,
HAMS AND BACON, IN TINS,
PRESERVED CHEESE,
OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES,
BOLOGNA SAUSAGES,
YORKSHIRE GAME AND PORK PIES,
TONGUES, GAME, POULTRY,
PLUM PUDDINGS,
LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE
SAUCE.

Fresh supplies of the best, and numerous other table delicacies, may be had from most Storeskeepers.

CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars they should invariably be destroyed when empty.

Goods should always be examined upon delivery, to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior brands.

All genuine goods bear the names of Crosse & Blackwell on the Labels, Corks and Capsules of the Bottles, Jars and Tins.

**CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,
SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.**

REMOVAL NOTICE.

**PELLATT & CO.,
FALCON GLASS WORKS, LONDON,**

Respectfully inform their Friends and the Public that they have removed to their

NEW SHOW ROOMS & OFFICES,

17, ST. BRIDE STREET, LUDGATE CIRCUS, where may be seen samples of

TABLE GLASS, for household use, Regimental

Messes, Hotels, Confectioners, Ships' Cabins, &c.

CHANDELLERS, for Gas, Kerosene or Candles.

CHINA AND STONEWARE, for Breakfast, Dinner, Dessert and Tea Service.

CHEMICAL GLASS WARE, Steam Gauges,

ELECTROPLATE, LINEN, CLOCKS,

LADIES' and all MEES' HOTEL requisites.

* All orders must be accompanied by a remittance or London reference and addressed to the Office.

17, ST. BRIDE STREET, LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON.

PELLATT & CO., Glass Manufacturers.



THE GREATEST
WONDER OF MODERN TIMES!



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Long experience has proved these various remedies to be most effective in curing either the dangerous maladies or the slighter complaints which are more particularly incident to the life of a man, or to those living in the bush.

Occasional doses of these Pills will guard the system against those evils which so often beset the human race, viz.—coughs, colds, and all disorders of the liver and stomach, frequent forerunners of fever, dysentery, diarrhoea, and cholera.

These Medicines may be obtained from all respectable Druggists and Stores-keepers throughout the civilised world, with directions for use in almost every language.

They are prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Holloway, 53, Oxford Street, London.

** Price of counterfeits that may emanate from the United States.

20s per lb. 1w. 1f.

HIGHEST AWARD & PRIZE MEDAL PHILADELPHIA EXHIBITION, 1876."

SOAKES

WELLINGTON KNUF POLISH

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR THE PATENT KNIFE-CLEANING MACHINERY, INDIA RUBBER AND BUFF-LEATHER KNIFE, BUT KNIVES CONSTANTLY CLEANED AND POLISHED ARE OF NO USE, AS THEY ARE OF NO USE.

PACKETS 50, EACH; 1D. AND 2D. EACH.

DAKEYS

INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

PREVENTS INJURY IN CLEANING AND INJURY TO THE KNIFE. DAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNUF POLISH SHOULD BE USED WITH HIS BOARDS.

SOAKES

SILVERSMITH'S SOAP

(NON-MERCURIAL)
FOR CLEANING AND POLISHING SILVER, ELECTRO-PLATE, PLATE GLASS, &c. TABLETS 6D. EACH.

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

IN SOLID BLOCKS—1D. & 1D. EACH, & 10. BOXES.

JOHN OAKLEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

W

Intimations.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

ANNIE LOWRY, British barque, Captain B. Gale—Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.

KATE TATHAM, British barque, Captain Peckethly—Birley & Co.

OCEAN RADER, British 3-m. schooner, Captain Simpson—Order.

JANE PIERRE, French bark, Captain Legasse—Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.

ATHENE, British barque, Captain Findlay—Captain.

MARY BLAIR, British barque, Captain James Riddle—O. & S. S. Co.

LOTTE MOORE, American barque, Capt. C. S. Hudson—Arnold, Karberg & Co.

FONTEAUX, British ship, Capt. G. B. Taylor—Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.

KJØBENHAVN, Danish steamer, Capt. L. C. Grove—Siemens & Co.

RAJANATTIANUHAE, British str., Capt. G. T. Hopkins—Yuen Fat Hong.

To-day's Advertisements.

TENDERS Required for Steamer "ARGENTINA" for TOWING to and from Dry Docks to DUCKING, SURFACING and PAINTING; one, two or three Coats as required.

Tenders to be sent to the Office of the Undersigned before MONDAY, at Noon.

TURNER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 27, 1878. jy29

FOR MANILA.

The Steamship

"ESMERALDA"

CHIEN, Master, shortly due, will have quick despatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 27, 1878.

FOR PORTLAND.

(If sufficient inducement offers.)

The A 1 American Bark

"PHILIP FITZPATRICK"

PEHLAN, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 27, 1878.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship

"TANIS,"

Commandant LA MAZELLE, will be despatched for YOKOHAMA shortly after the arrival of the next French Mail.

H. du POUEY, Agent.

Hongkong, July 27, 1878.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship

"DJEMNAH,"

Commandant MONG, will be despatched for SHANGHAI shortly after her arrival from Europe.

H. du POUEY, Agent.

Hongkong, July 27, 1878.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for counter-signature, and take immediate delivery. This cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

H. du POUEY, Agent.

Ex "Amazon," TH 164; Mr. L. Thevenin, from 1 case ink, Marseilles.

Ex "Pei Ho," B No. 419/21 Order, 16 Cases from Wine, Marseilles.

Hongkong, July 27, 1878.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 26, S. Vaughan, British ship, 940, Harding Porter, Cardiff March 20, Coal-Order.

July 27, Douglas, British steamer, 556, G. D. Pitman, Fochow July 24, Amoy 25, and Swatow 26, General—DOUGLAS LAPIERRE & Co.

July 27, *Mercues de la Victoria*, Spanish transport, from Canton.

July 27, Yottung, British steamer, 286, Gough, Swatow July 26, General—Kwock Antonio.

DEPARTURES.

July 27, M. M. Moher, for Hethow.

27, Bentel, for Fochow.

27, Stentor, for London, &c.

27, Zambe, for Europe, &c.

CLEARED.

Mengtow, for Quinhon.

Princess Sarah, for Bangkok.

Nomac, for Coast Ports.

Norman, Court, for Port Elizabeth.

Kirkland, for Quinhon.

Wm. H. Dales, for San Francisco.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per Douglas, from Coast Ports, Messrs England, Trall, and Mardfield.

Per Yottung, from Swatow, 230 Chinese.

DEPARTED.

Per Zambe, from Yokohama for South.

Amoy, Mr. and Mrs. Pollard and infant.

Per Mr. J. Williams, from Shanghai, for Southampton, Mr. and Mrs. George.

and 1 Distressed Seaman; for Venice, Messrs R. Bourke, and C. Hole; for Galle, Mr. E. W. Dent—From Hongkong: for Southampton, Mrs. J. H. Holmes; for Venice, Mr. G. Monique; for Calcutta, Mr. H. Herbert; for Singapore, Lance Corp. Govindasamy, and 2 Chinese prisoners. Govindasamy, and 2 Chinese prisoners.

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Govindasamy

columns) to "tote" her away. This person, though belonging to an excellent family, at the Hague, is of an "original" character, and has been obliged to leave both Java and Sumatra on account of his propensities. He watched his opportunity when the Dock officials were absent and deliberately took possession of the steamer and carrying her up the river delivered her over to his Siamese employer. Brought before the Acting Netherlands Council, by some hard swearing and bullying, he managed to break through the meshes of the law, and go unwhipped of justice. The steamer was however recovered, and restored to the custody of the Dock Co.

The summer rains have set in and the weather is delightfully cool and pleasant; rice freights are very dull. Loading for Hongkong Madagascare & Rajanati.

Police Intelligence.

(Before C. V. Craig, Esq.)

July 27, 1878.

DRUNKENNESS.

Thomas Farrall, fireman unemployed, was fined 20 cents for the above offence.

A STUBBORN FAIR ONE.

Chan Apak, a barber, was charged with having violently assaulted a woman named Tong Szum, an inmate of a licensed brothel at East Street. It appears that the defendant was very fond of the woman and wanted her to go with him to Singapore. This she refused to do, and the defendant threatened to turn her out of the brothel by force. At 8 p.m. last night he went to the brothel, accompanied by about 8 or 9 others, and wanted to turn the woman out. He beat and kicked her in a shameful manner. She cried out, "Save life," and ran out of the house, pursued by the defendant and his satellites. The defendant was stopped by Police-Constable 37 (Richard Brown), and taken to the Station. His face was then covered with blood. Fined \$5 or 14 days' hard labour, and to find security for his good behaviour for 6 months, in two sureties of \$10 each.

AN EPICURE.

Ma Achoi, a boatman, was charged with stealing a tin of coco, valued at 60 cents, the property of Messrs Lammert, Atkinson & Co., from their store.

Mr F. R. Rogers, sworn, stated that the defendant was employed as a boatman by the firm, and that part of his duty was to sweep the store. At about 6 p.m. yesterday, a case containing 12 tins of coco was opened. There were no similar tins in the store. At 7.30 a.m. to-day, one of the tins was missing, and suspicion fell upon the defendant, who was therefore watched and caught leaving the store with the missing tin of coco concealed under a plate. Defendant said he thought the coco was damaged, and he wanted to ascertain the quality, and try whether it was good or not. Three months' hard labour.

FACTION FIGHT.

Lim Wing Tsun, a coolie, and Shui Apai and Shui Apun, hawkers, were charged with assaulting one Teo Achut, a trader, residing at No. 1, Hillier Street. It appears that the 3rd defendant and complainant's son had been fined \$2 each at the Police Court yesterday for fighting on board the steamer "Pekin." The 2nd defendant went to the complainant's son and said "Oh, I don't care for \$2 only fined, I will get some more men and fight with you again." The complainant's son at once went to the Central Station and reported to the Police the threats the 2nd defendant had made use of, and whilst he was absent, the three defendants, with a number of other men, attacked complainants with stones and bamboo, breaking doors and windows and so seriously injuring the complainant that he had to be conveyed to Hospital. A faction fight ensued, and it was quelled with some difficulty.

Mr Creagh remanded the case until the 3rd proxime, to ascertain the extent of the complainant's injuries.

CORRESPONDENCE.

WHAT ARE WE COMING TO?

To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."

July 27th, 1878.

SIR.—The Press tells us that the jail will soon require an outpost at "Stone Cutters' Island" as it is becoming overcrowded.

Judging from the reports of the Colonial Surgeon many criminals are more comfortable, better fed and cared for when in custody than when free. A "Merchant Captain" writes concerning Chinese-on-the-Praya at night without lights, &c. Mr. Humphreys cannot obtain cooler for the legitimate fare. Charles Bond is fined 26 cents or one day's imprisonment for scolding his servants; not long ago a punkah coolie who was scolded and smashed a chandelier by pulling the punkah violently was justified by the law.

I often scold my servants. Am I to suppose this, to me, new regime is "skimming the surface" only, and that if we venture to scold continually we may find something coming on the employers—perhaps not quite so severe as the

RATTAN !

China.

COBRA.

The *Osaka Nippon* (native Japanese newspaper) describes the present position of affairs in Fuzan, Corea, as follows. The translation is from the *Hiogo News*—The Japanese settlement contains over 100,000 tubo, and is divided into three wards and seven streets. There are at present over 70 houses and the population is over 400. In the centre of the settlement there is a small hill covered with pine trees, called Biutozan. The West side of this hill is called Seikwan and the East side of it Tokwan. In the front part of the port there is a small hill named Kiuibutan, where Kato Eiyomas is worshipped, and near the beach is an island where horses are fed. This island is strongly fortified by nature. The Consulate will be built in European style. There are six policemen. The streets and drains are kept clean at the people's own expense, under the supervision of the authorities and hospital. Cleaned Corean rice is worth 23. Corean copper coins (7 per what quantity). The fish are the same as Japanese. No rain has fallen since beginning of what ought to be the rainy season. The Coreans are advancing in civilization as their trade increases, and it is three times as large as it was last year. The branch offices of Okuragumi, Sumitomo, and the firms of Kikotsu, Ikegami, Isehama, Shokai and others thriving, and the branch office of the 1st National Bank gives financial accommodation. On the 21st the mother of the King, &c.

Queen died and the people are in mourning—they want white clothes. The East Hongkong proposes to build a temple, for which it has obtained 700 tubo; its delegates are in communication with Korean priests and others and some are learning to speak the Korean language. Merchant vessels are increasing, but a *Mitsubishi* steamer runs only once a month between Japan and Corea. Japanese houses are increasing.

FOOCHOW.

(Herald, July 16th.)

Tea.—The market has been less active during the week, and prices have, on the whole, ruled in favor of buyers. *Congou*:—Nearly 21,000 chests of common to flavor have changed hands,—at rates showing a decline of from Tls. 0 to Tls. 1 per picul as compared with settlements reported at the commencement of the current month. The better grades of second crop *Par Yung*, *Pal Lum*, and *Squono* have found purchasers at slightly lower prices. In *Souchong*, a small amount of business has been transacted, at about late quotations. An extensive business in *Flowers Pekoe* is reported, at from Tls. 24 a 60 per picul (short).

Settlements of *Congou* from 11th to 17th July, 20,793 chests at Tls. 6 a 26 per picul, (short). *Souchong* 931 chests at Tls. 14 a 26 per picul, (short). *Oolong* 299 4-chits. at Tls. 15 per picul, (short). *Pekoe* 1,068 chests at Tls. 24 a 60 per picul, (short). *Scented Tea* 2,283 boxes at Tls. 24 a 38 per picul, (short).

Total arrivals of *Congou* 501,399 chests, " settlements 472,486 " Stock, 28,912 chests.

Total arrivals of *Souchong* 34,426 chests, " settlements 21,378 " Stock, 18,048 chests.

Total arrivals of *Oolong* 24,028 4-chits, " settlements 7,524 " Stock, 16,624 4-chits.

Total arrivals of *Flowers Pekoe* 8,800 chests, " settlements 3,616 " Stock, 285 chests.

Total arrivals of *Scented Tea* 65,000 boxes, " settlements 60,860 " Stock, 4,140 boxes.

Feng Shui has, we hear, once more furnished the city gentry, and obtrusives generally, with a very pretty pretext for an anti-foreign demonstration in the neighbourhood of Wu-shih-shan. The English Church Mission has, as many of our readers are aware, for some time past held property on the top of the Wu-shih-shan, or Black Rock Hill. On this property, which is within a few hundred yards of the British Consul's residence, the erection of a building has been lately commenced by the Missionaries, and to the further progress of this structure, if not to the entire Missionary establishment, the enlightened gentry of that neighbourhood strongly object. Objecting, they have proceeded to threaten violent measures if the building is not stopped, and a guard of soldiers has, we learn, become necessary to protect the Mission property. We do not venture to assert that these intelligent pagans should be denied the gratification of indulging in a protest against the presence of Christian missions within their walls. Better informed people in the West are not averse to an occasional outburst of religious bigotry, and many pious Christians have contracted an ugly and habitual habit of forcing their peculiar views as regards matters of conscience on more liberal-minded thinkers. But this miserable squabble is not an affair of rival "dioxies" so much as a question of treaty right; and we should therefore rejoice if the native authorities could be convinced—irrespective of supposed geostrategic influences—of the inutility of endeavouring to upset by popular clamour the just claims of foreign property-holders. That the mandarins have it in their power to overcome the senseless doctrine of the *Feng Shui*, when it suits them to do so, is evidenced in the maintenance of the *Mamoi Telegraph Line* (for military purposes)! That they permit these underhand and frequent attempts to undermine foreign title to property, either at Wu-shih-shan or elsewhere within the limits fixed by treaty, is certainly very far from creditable to the native administration.

The American Schooner *Spartan* arrived from the Hainan Straits, a few days ago, with a quantity of salvaged from the wreck of the *S. S. Sedan*, which vessel was lost in the year 1878. After having completed discharge of the salved cargo, the *Spartan* will, we understand, return to the wreck and renew operations.

We understand that the Chinese Corvette *Yang Woo* is about to undergo a thorough repair on the patent slip at *Mamoi Arsenal*. It is very doubtful if the ship, which is weak and worn, will be able to bear the weight of this large vessel, but we are informed that the wiseacres in charge of that establishment mean to try.

The condition of the river between the Settlement and Pagoda Anchorage is such as to excite alarm. Last year's floods were a source of loss and inconvenience to foreign and native residents alike, but at the present moment there is much less than the average depth of water in the main branch at low tide, while at Pagoda Anchorage (above Pagoda Island) a large sand bank is forming, which threatens, in course of time, we are informed, to become a serious obstruction. The dredging operations at the head of Nantai are said to have mainly contributed to this result—by diverting a considerable volume of water to the western branch.

We hear of a very daring case of robbery from the person of a foreigner. A few evenings ago, a foreign visitor to the Settlement was, while on his way to the Foochow Hotel, accosted in the main waterside thoroughfare, near Messrs. Hedge & Co., by a *Cantonese*, who addressed him rather familiarly in English. The foreigner did not, we hear, welcome the Celestial's advances, and, in fact, was about to rid himself of the intruder when he suddenly found a handkerchief (over which some fluid had been poured) thrust into his nostrils; he became insensible almost immediately, and, while in this helpless condition, was robbed of his gold watch and chain, a diamond ring and breast-pin, and about \$10 in cash. The unfortunate gentleman remained on the ground in a senseless state until nearly day-break, when he was discovered by one of the neighbouring native shopkeepers, who kindly assisted him home. The native police have, we hear, obtained a clue to the ruffian's whereabouts, and they also hope to be able to recover the property.

The *Ice Machine* seems doomed to misfortune. Again, during the hottest of hot

days, there has been no ice. Oh for the happy medium!—Last year, too much water,—the floods having put out the fires and shaken the foundation of the delicate machinery: this year, too little,—the suction valve having been positively above water during the lowest tides. A second pipe which was under construction, put further to be of little use. The machine was pressed, its old age and infirmity rebelled, and an important part of the engine gave way. This was repaired, but the water difficulty, in spite of all efforts, could not be overcome. . . . The machine is once more at work, and it is hoped that ice will be thick enough for delivery about Sunday next.

HANKOW.

Tea.—The Hankow Tea Market Report of the 16th July, says, settlements of Tea during the past fortnight have been comparatively large, and prices for all the better qualities have been well maintained.

The better grades of second crop *Par Yung*, *Pal Lum*, and *Squono* have found purchasers at slightly lower prices. In *Souchong*, a small amount of business has been transacted, at about late quotations. An extensive business in *Flowers Pekoe* is reported, at from Tls. 24 a 60 per picul (short).

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Total arrivals of *Flowers Pekoe* 8,800 chests, " settlements 3,616 " Stock, 285 chests.

Total arrivals of *Scented Tea* 65,000 boxes, " settlements 60,860 " Stock, 4,140 boxes.

The following figures indicate the entire business to date (inclusive of *Kiukiang Tea*) as contrasted with the settlements, &c., to 16th July last year.

1878. 1878. 1878. 1878.

Settlements. 5,670 chests. 11,490 chests. 37,020 f. 11,700 boxes.

For England 61,160 61,160 129,690 68,490

Russia. 61,160 61,160 129,690 68,490

Stock. 16,624 16,624 4,140 285

" Shanghai 17,120 64,480 47,860

" 423,900 511,500

" 206,770 285 chests *Kiukiang Tea* included.

On comparing quotations now current with those of the previous seasons, the result is as under:

1878. 1878. 1878. 1878.

Ninghows. 12.00 a 26.50 per picul

Opakaps. 18.50 a 24.00 "

Qanfars. 17.00 a 26.50 "

Ping-kong, &c. 12.75 a 18.50 "

Seang-tams. 9.50 a 12.00 "

" 1877. 1877. 1877. 1877.

Ningchows. 12.00 a 26.00 per picul

Opakaps. 17.00 a 23.00 "

Qanfars. 18.00 a 24.00 "

Ping-kong, &c. 17.00 a 19.00 "

Seang-tams. 12.00 a 12.50 "

Business reported during the fortnight is as follows:

1878. 1878. 1878. 1878.

Settlements. 5,670 chests. 11,490 f. 37,020 f. 11,700 boxes.

Shipments to Shanghai 1,320 boxes. 1,580 boxes.

Shipments to Tshai 7,590 boxes. 11,700 boxes.

The following are the departures for London:—

1878. 1878. 1878. 1878.

As per last Report in 14 Vessels 30,963,181 lbs.

July 4, Sir. Feronia. 1,039,412

7, Sh. Cairnsnur. 1,611,604

11, Sir. Glengyle. 1,310,692

55,221,921 lbs.

Against 14 Vessels last year 30,861,730 lbs.

The Export to date as per Customs Returns stands thus:—

Exclusive of Re-exports.

Season. 1878. 1878. 1878. 1878.

1878-79. 30,635,158 lbs. 11,821,301 lbs.

1877-78. 44,701,330 8,936,120

1876-77. 44,549,

Portfolio.

THE CHILD OF CARE.

(TRANSLATED FROM HERDER.)
Care sat by a murmuring streamlet,
And as her dark thoughts did stray,
Her fingers, following her musings,
Fashioned an image of clay.

"What hast thou there, Goddess so thought-
ful?"
Asked Zeus, as he passed that way.
"Only a little clay image,
Breathe life in it, Father, I pray."

"Well, then, let it live—it liveth;
Now mind shall this creature be!"
"Ah no!" cried Care, beseeching;
"Great Father, pray leave it me."

"From the clay did my fingers form it."
"—But I put life in the clay."
And as they disputed possession,
Goddess Earth charmed to pass that way.

"Tis mine!" cried Earth, "from my bosom
Was fashioned this image so fair!"
"Luckily," says Zeus, "here a Saturn,
Let him be the arbiter."

"A part to each of you," Saturn
Decided. "So High Fate saith:
Thou, Zeus, who the life has given,
Shall claim the spirit in death."

"Thine, Earth, the remains are only,
For more thou canst not claim;
And thine, O Care, the mother,
Be the being while burns life's flame.

"So long as he breathes, full surely,
Thy child thou wilt never leave;
And, like thine, his days of labour
Shall cease but with the grave."

And Fate's decrees are accomplished.
That image—Man, made from the soil,
In life belongs to Sorrow,
In death to the Earth and God.

UNDER THE VIOLETS.
Her hands are cold; her face is white;
No more her pulses come and go;
Her eyes are shut to life and light
Fold the white vesture, snow on snow
And lay her where the violets blow.

But not beneath a graven stone,
To plead for tears with alien eyes;
A slender cross of wood alone
Shall say that here a maiden lies
In peace beneath the peaceful skies.

And gray old trees of hugest limb
Shall wheel their circling shadows round,
To make the glowing sunlight dim
That drinks the greenness from the ground;
And drop their dead leaves on her mound.

When o'er their boughs the squirrels run,
And through their leaves the robins call,
And, ripening in the autumn sun,
The acorns and the chestnuts fall,
Doubt not that she will heed them all.

To her the morning choir shall sing
Its matins from the branches high,
And every minstrel-voice of spring,
That trills beneath the April sky,
Shall greet her with the earliest cry.

When, turning round their dial-track,
Eastward the lengthening shadows pass,
Her little mourners, clad in black,
The cricket, sliding through the grass,
Shall pipe for her an evening mass.

At last the rootlets of the tree
Shall find the prison where she lies,
And bear the buried dust they seize
In leaves and blossoms to the skies,
So may the soul that warmed it rise!

If any, born of kindlier blood,
Should ask, What maiden lies below?
Say only this: A tender bud,
That tried to blossom in the snow,
Lies withered where the violets blow.
—Oliver-Wendell Holmes.

A FEW FAMILIAR QUOTATIONS
NOT FOUND IN THE BIBLE, SHAKESPEARE, POPE,
OR HUDIBRIS.

Music hath charms to sooth a savage
breast.—Congreve's *Mourning Bride*.

Man's inhumanity to man makes countless
thousands mourn.—Barns.

Nursing her wrath to keep it warm.—
Burns' *Tan O'Shantir*.

It's sweet to hear the watch-dog's honest
bark; they deep-mouthed welcome as we
draw near home.—Byron's *Don Juan*.

Between two worlds, life hovers like a
star upon the horizon's verge.—*Id.*

Tis distance lends enchantment to the
view.—Campbell's *Pleasures of Hope*.

Procrastination is the thief of time.—
Young's *Night Thoughts*.

A gilded halo hovering round decay.—
Byron's *Giadur*.

The thunder, conscious of the new com-
mand, rumbles o'er our fallen house.—Keats'

Hyperion.

They also serve who only stand and wait.—
—Milton.

The stern joy which warriors feel in
foemen worthy of their steel.—Scott's *Lady of the Lake*.

A little round fat, oily man of God.—
Thomas' *Cantos of Indolence*.

His pity gave em charity began.—Gold-
smith's *Deserted Village*.

Even his failings leaned to virtue's side.—
—H.

To party gave up what was meant for
mankind.—Goldsmith's *Retaliation*.

To point a moral or adorn a tale.—
Johnson's *Vanity of Human Wishes*.

A little bunch of needless bishops, here
and there a chancellor in embryo.—Shen-
stone's *Schoolmistress*.

Made sunshine in a shady place.—Spencer's
Fairy Queen.

Fairy tongues that syllable men's names.—
Milton's *Attack of Comus*.

An idle as a painted ship upon a painted
ocean.—Coleridge's *Ancient Mariner*.

Love, the faith whose martyrs are the
broken-heart.—Childs' *Harold*.

God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb.—
Sterne's *Sentimental Journey*.

A thing of beauty is a joy forever.—Keats'

Endymion.

A flower of recklessness on a stem of grace.—
Montgomery's *World before the Flood*.

"Tis not in mortals to command success;
we'll do more, deserve it.—Addison's *Cato*.

Like Dead Sea fruit, that tempts the eye
but turns to ashes on the lips.—Moore's
Lalla Rookh.

Just prophet, let the damned one dwell full
in the sight of Paradise, beholding heaven
and fearing hell.—*Id.*

Coming events cast their shadows before.—
—Campbell.

All went merrily as a marriage bell.—
Byron's *Childs Harold*.

When youth and pleasure meet to share
the glowing hours with flying feet.—*Id.*

THE DETECTIVE OFFICER.
(By Waters.)

THE PARTNER.

I had virtually, though not formally left the force, when a young man of gentlemanly, but somewhat dissipated aspect, and looking very pale and agitated, called upon me with a note from one of the Commissioners, enjoining me to assist the bearer, Mr Edmund Webster, to the utmost of my ability, if, upon examination, I saw reason to place reliance upon his statement relative to the painful and extraordinary circumstances in which he was involved.

"Mr Edmund Webster, I exclaimed, after glancing at the note, 'You are the person, then, accused of robbing Mr Hutton, the corn-merchant (the reader will of course understand that I make use of fictitious names), and whom that gentleman refuses to prosecute?'

"The same, Mr Waters. But although the disgraceful charge, so far as regards legal pursuit, appears to be withdrawn, or rather is not pressed, my family and I shall not be the less shamed and ruined thereby, unless my perfect innocence can be made manifest before the world. It is with that view we have been advised to seek your assistance; and my father desires me to say that he will hesitate at no expense necessary for the thorough prosecution of the inquiry."

"Very well, Mr Webster. The information of the Commissioner is, however, of itself all-potent with me, although I hoped to be concerned in no more such investigations. Give the goodness, therefore, to sit down and favour me minutely and distinctly with your version of the affair, omitting, if you please, my circumstance, however apparently trivial, in connection with it. I may tell you, I added, opening the notebook from which I am now transcribing, and placing it before me in readiness, to begin: 'I may tell you, by way of some slight encouragement, that the defence you volunteered at the police-office was, in my opinion, too improbable to an invention; and I, as you know, have had large experience in such matters. That also, I suspect, is Mr Hutton's opinion; and hence not only his refusal to prosecute, but the expense and trouble he has been at, to my knowledge, in preventing either his own or your name from appearing in the papers. Now, sir, if you please—'

"I shall relate every circumstance, Mr Waters, as clearly and truthfully as possible, for my own sake, in order that you may not be working in the dark; and first, I must beg your attention to one or two family matters, essential to a thorough appreciation of the position in which I am placed."

"Go on, sir: it is my duty to hear all you have to say."

"My father, proceeded Mr Edmund Webster, 'who, as you are aware, resides in the Regent's Park, retired about five years ago from the business in Mark Lane, which has since been carried on by the former junior partner, Mr Hutton. Till within the last six months, I believed myself destined for the army, the purchase-money of a cornetcy having been lodged at the Horse Guards a few days after I came of age. Suddenly, however, my father changed his mind, insisted that I should become a partner of Hutton's in the corn-trade, and forthwith withdrew the money lodged for the commission. I am not even yet cognizant of all his motives for this seeming caprice; but those he alleged were, first, my spartan, idle habits—an imputation for which, I confess, there was too much foundation; though as to whether the discipline of the counting-house would, as he believed, effect a beneficial change, there might be two opinions. Another, and I have no doubt much more powerfully inducing motive with him was, that I had formed an attachment for Miss Ellen Bramston, the second daughter of Captain Bramston, of the East India Company's service, residing at Hampstead upon his half-pay. My father strongly disapproved of the proposed alliance: like most of the successful City men I have known or heard of, he more heartily despised poverty with a laced coat on its back than in rags; and he knew no more effectual plan could be hit upon for frustrating my wishes than by transforming my expected cornetcy into a partnership in the corn-trade, my imaginary sword into an actual goose-quill; Captain Bramston, who is distantly related to a man, who would be ever prouder than he is poor, and a man that would rather see his daughter in her coffin than married to a trader. It was concession enough," he angrily remarked "that he had permitted Ellen Bramston to encourage the addresses of the son of a City parvenu, but it was utterly preposterous to suppose she could wed an actual corn-chandler!"

"Corn-chandler!"

"That was Captain Bramston's pleasant phrase, when I informed him of my father's sudden change of purpose. The proposed partnership was as distasteful to myself, as to Captain Bramston; but my father proved inexorable—fiercely so, I may say—to my entreaties and those of my sisters; and I was placed in the dilemma, either of immediate disengagement from home and probable forfeiture of my inheritance, or the loss of Ellen Bramston, to whom with all my follies, I was and am devotedly attached. After such anxious cogitation, I hit upon a scheme, requiring for a time the exercise of a considerable amount of deceit and disimulation, which would, I flattered myself, ultimately reconcile interest with inclination: give me Ellen, and not lose my father."

"To which deceit and disimulation, you are doubtless indebted for your present unfortunate position?"

"You have rightly anticipated. But to proceed. Mr Hutton himself, I must tell you, was strongly adverse to receiving me as a partner, though for some reason or other he durst not openly oppose the project; his son, John Hutton, also bitterly objected to it."

"His son, John Hutton! I know the character of Hutton senior pretty well; pray what is that of his son?"

"Well, like myself, he is rather fat; perhaps not the less a good sort of young fellow enough. He sailed the world before he was of age, and has since been a man of whom I was personally unknown, and who could not, therefore, be certain that I was the Edmund Webster he professed to be in search of. What with the effect of the wine I drank and natural exultation, I was, I well remember, in a state of great excitement when I left the tavern, and hardly seemed to feel my feet as I hurried away to Mark Lane, to inform Mr Hutton of my good-luck, and bid, bis, counting-house and the corn-trade a final farewell. He was not at home, and I went in and seated myself in his private room to await his return. I have no doubt that, as the clerk has since depos'd, I did look flushed, and stating that it was he who took the

by promising ultimate dutiful submission to my father's wishes, provided the final decision were thus revisited. The main object I thought to obtain by this apparent compliance was the effectual loosening, before many weeks had passed, of the old gentleman's purse-strings, which had been overtly drawn. I had several pressing debts of honour as they are called—debts of dishonour would according to my experience, be the apter phrase—which it was absolutely necessary to discharge: and the success, moreover, of my matrimonial project entirely depended upon my ability to secure a very considerable sum of money."

"Your matrimonial project?"

"Yes: it was at last arranged, not with much reluctance on the part of Ellen, but I have good reason for believing with the covert approbation of Captain Bramston that we should effect a stolen marriage, immediately set off for the continent, and remain there till the parental storm, which on my father's part would I knew be tremendous, had blown over. I did not feel much disquieted as to the final result. I was an only son; my sisters would be indefatigable intercessors; and we all, consequently were pretty confident that a general reconciliation, such as usually accompanies the ringing down of the green curtain at the wind-up of a stage-comedy, would, after no great interval of time, take place.

"Money, however, was indispensable—money for the wedding expenses, the flight to France, and living there for a considerable time perhaps; and no likelier mode of obtaining it occurred to me than of cojoining my father into good-humour by affecting to acquiesce in his wishes. And here I may remark in passing, that had I been capable of the infamous deed I am accused of, abundant opportunity of plundering Mr Hutton presented themselves from the first hour I entered his counting-house. Over and over again has he left me alone in his private room with the key in the lock of his iron safe, where large sums were frequently deposited, not in bank-notes only, but untraceable gold."

"That looks like a singular want of caution in so precise and wary a man as Mr Hutton," I remarked, half under my breath.

"Nothing of the sort," rejoined Mr Edmund Webster with some heat, and his pale face, brightly flushing. "It only shows that, with all my faults and follies, it was impossible for any one that knew me to imagine I could be capable of perpetrating a felony."

"I beg your pardon, Mr Webster: I meant nothing offence to you; the remark was merely the partly involuntary expression of a thought which suddenly flashed across my mind."

"I have little more of preliminary detail to relate," he went on to say. "Contrary to our hope and expectation, my father became not a whit more liberal with his purse than before—the reverse rather; and I soon found that he intended to keep the screw on till the accomplishment of the hated partnership placed an ineradicable bar between me and Ellen Bramston. I used to converse frequently upon these matters with Mr Hutton as unreservedly as I do now with you; and I must say that, although extremely anxious to avoid any appearance of opposition to my father, he always expressed the warmest sympathy with my aims, and wishes; so much so, in fact, that I at last ventured to ask him for the loan of about five hundred pounds, that being the least sum which would enable me to pay off the most pressing of the claims by which I was harassed and carry out my wedding project. That favour, however, he flatly refused, under the plea that his having done so would sooner or later come to my father's knowledge."

"And did Mr Hutton, after that refusal, continue to afford you opportunities of helping yourself, had you been so minded?"

"Yes; unquestionably he did: but what of that?" replied the young man, his pale face again suffused with an angry flush.

"Nothing, sir; nothing. Go on: I am all attention."

"Well, I made application to several money-lenders with the like ill success, till last Monday fortnight, when I was accosted at Mr Hutton's place of business in the Corn-market, where I happened to be for a few minutes alone, by a respectable-looking middle-aged man, who asked me if I was at Mr Curtis of Bishopsgate Street, who had left a note at Mr Curtis's of Bishopsgate Street, on the previous Saturday, requesting the loan of five hundred pounds upon my own acceptance at six months' date. I eagerly replied in the affirmative; upon which Mr Hutton, as the man called himself, asked if I had the promissory-note for five hundred and fifty pounds, as I had proposed, ready drawn; as it so, he would give me the cash at once.

"I answered in a flurry of joyous excitement, that I had not the note drawn, but if he would wait till I could get one and write the acceptance immediately. He hesitated for a moment, and then said: 'I am in a hurry this morning, but I will wait for you in the coffee-room of the Bay-tree Tavern: have the kindness to be as quickly as you can, and draw the note in favour of Mr Brown; it has not been gone above three or four minutes, when the clerk came in, I instantly hurried to a stationer, wrote the note in his shop, and speeded on with it to the Bay-tree Tavern. The coffee-room was full, except the box where sat Mr Brown, who, after glancing at the acceptance, and putting it quickly up, placed a roll of notes in my hand. 'Do not display your money,' he said, 'before all these people. You can count the notes under the table,' I did so; they were quite correct—ten fifties; and I forthwith ordered a bottle of wine. Mr Brown, however, alleging business as an excuse, did not wait till it was brought; and I hurried away, my good-day, disappeared, taking in his hurry, my hat instead of his own."

"You may do so, with all my heart," he replied; "but how shall we manage to conceal you?"

"Easily enough, under the bed; and, suiting the action to the word, I was in a moment out of sight. Miss Webster was then told to ask Mr Hutton to walk up, and in a few minutes that worthy gentleman entered the room. After a few hypocritical condolences upon the invalid's state of health, Mr Hutton came to the point at once, and with a vengeance."

"I am come, Mr Webster," he began in a determined tone, "to say that I will endure this trifling chafing no longer. Either you give up the bonds you hold of mine for borrowed money—

"Eleven thousand pounds and upwards I concealed the sick man."

"About that sum, I am aware, including interest in discharge of which load of debt I was, you know, to have given a third share of my business to your admirable son. Well, agrees at once to cancel those bonds, else I forthwith prosecute your son, who will as certainly be convicted and transported for life."

"I tell you again," retorted the excited invalid, "that I will not purchase mere forbearance to prosecute at the cost of a single shilling. The accusation would always be hanging over his head, and we should remain for ever disgraced, as we are now, in the eyes of the world."

"I have turned that over in my mind," replied Hutton, "and I think I can meet your wishes. Undertake to cancel the debt I owe you, and I will wait publicly to-morrow upon the magistrate with a letter in my hand purporting to be from my son, and stating that it was he who took the

after vainly awaiting for upwards of an hour, I suddenly left the place, and as it happened, unnoticed by anybody.

Immediately upon leaving Mark Lane, I hastened to Hampstead, saw Miss Bramston; and as

everything, with the exception of the money,

had been for some time in readiness, it was

soon decided that we should take wing at

POSTAL RATES.

[Subjoined we give the postal rates now in force for transmission of correspondence to all parts of the world. Detailed rules affecting the transmission of packets, parcels, &c., will be found annexed, together with a number of miscellaneous and useful notices.]

Hongkong Rates of Postage.

(Revised June 7th, 1878.)

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are for Letters, per half ounce, for Books and Patterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four ounces in weight are charged as double, treble, &c., as the case may be, and such papers or packets of papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor must anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books.

N.R. means No Registration.

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, the United States, Canada, Brazil, India (including Ceylon, the Straits, and Aden), Japan, Egypt, Labuan, Mauritius, Seychelles, Jamaica, Trinidad, (British) Guiana, and Bermuda, with all French, Danish, Netherlands, Portuguese, and Spanish Colonies.

Countries not in the Union. The chief countries not in the Union are: the Australasian Group, Africa (except French, & Colonies), Newfoundland and Central America.

Postage to Union Countries.

General Rates, by any route:—
Letters, 12 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Registration, 8 cents.
Newspapers, 2 cents each.
Books and Patterns, 4 cents per 2 oz.

Exceptional rates, to the United Kingdom and Union Countries served through the United Kingdom via Brindisi only:—
Letters, 16 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Registration, 8 cents.
Newspapers, 4 cents each.
Books and Patterns, 6 cents per 2 oz.

There is no charge on redirected correspondence within the Postal Union.

Postage to Non-Union Countries.

W. Africa, Falkland Islands, Lagos, Gold Coast, Liberia, Sierra Leone, Gambia, Cape Verd Islands:—
Via San Francisco, Via S. Hampshire, Via Francia, or Marseilles. Brindisi

Letters, 22 26
Registration, 12 12
Newspapers, 4 6
Books & Patterns, 8 10

Aspinwall (N.R.), Bahaman, Guatemala (N.R.), Hayti (N.R.), Mexico (N.R.), Panama (N.R.), Salvador (N.R.), and Venezuela (N.R.):—
Letters, 16 34 38
Registration, None 12 12
Newspapers, 4 4 6
Books & Patterns, 6 8 10

Bolivia, Chili, Ecuador, and Peru:—
Letters, 30 46 50
Registration, 6 6 8
Newspapers, 4 4 6
Books & Patterns, 14 10 12
Registration, 12 None None

Hawaiian Kingdom (N.R.), Newfoundland:—
Letters, 16 16 20
Registration, 12 12 12
Newspapers, 4* 4 6
Books & Patterns, 8* 6 8

W. Indies (except as above) Costa Rica, Honduras, Monte Video, New Granada, and Nicaragua:—
Letters, 34 38
Newspapers, 4 6
Books & Patterns, 8 10
Registration, 8 8

Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Natal, Cape, St. Helena, Ascension.

Letters, by Contract Packet 24; by Private Ship 12, Registration, 12; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 4.

* A small extra charge is made on delivery.

Correspondence for the West Indies (except those belonging to the Postal Union, the Bahamas, and Hayti), for Costa Rica, Honduras, Monte Video, New Granada, Paraguay, and Uruguay can no longer be sent via San Francisco.

| LOCAL AND TOWN POSTAGE. | Letters. | Registration. | Newspaper. | Books & Patterns. | Per 2 oz. |
|---|----------|---------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Within any Town or Settlement, or between Hongkong, Canton, and Macao, in either direction,..... | 2 | 8 | 2 | 2 | |
| Between any other two of the following places (through a British Office) viz.—Hongkong, Macao, Ports of China, and Japan, Bangkok, Saigon, and the Philippines, by Private Ship,..... | 4 | 8 | 2 | 2 | |
| Between the above by Con- tract Mail,..... | 5 | 8 | 2 | 4 | |

Any publication fulfilling the conditions hereinafter named can pass as a newspaper.

The conditions are as follows:—

1st. The publication must consist wholly or in great part of political or other news, or of articles relating thereto, or to other current topics, with or without advertising matter.

2nd. It must be published in numbers at intervals of not more than 21 days, and

must be printed on a sheet or sheets unstitched.

3rd. The full title and date of publication must be printed at the top of the first page, and the whole or part of the title and the date of publication at the top of every subsequent page; and this regulation applies to Tables of Contents and Indices.

4th. A supplement must consist wholly or in great part of matter like that of a newspaper, or of advertisements, printed on a sheet or sheets, on a piece or pieces of paper, unstitched; or wholly or in part of engravings, prints, or lithographs illustrating of articles in the newspaper. The supplement must in every case be published with the newspaper, and must have the title and date of publication of the newspaper printed at the top of every page; or, if it consists of engravings, prints, or lithographs, at the top of every sheet or side.

A packet containing two or more newspapers is not chargeable with a higher rate of postage than would be chargeable on a book packet of the same weight.

The postage must be prepaid either by an adhesive stamp, or by the use of a stamped wrapper.

Every newspaper must be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of easy removal for examination. If this rule be infringed the newspaper is treated as a letter.

Every newspaper must be so folded, as to admit of the title being readily inspected.

A newspaper or packet of newspapers which contains any enclosure except supplements is charged as a letter, unless the enclosure so as might be sent at the book rate of postage, and the entire packet be sufficiently prepaid as a book packet, in which case it is allowed to pass.

A newspaper which has any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written in it or upon its cover, is charged as an unpaid or insufficiently paid letter.

No packet of newspapers may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above two feet in length, one foot in width, nor one in depth.

A book-packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters), photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass or any-like substance), drawings, prints, maps, and any quantity of paper, or any other substance in ordinary use for writing or printing upon; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, engraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, &c., or of a portion thereof, is allowed, whether such binding, &c., be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books, pens or pencils in the case of pocket-books, &c., and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, rollers, &c., must not be sent as a separate packet.

5. Boxholders who desire to send Circulars, Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Cards, &c., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China and Japan, may deliver them to the Post Office unstamped, the postage being then charged to the sender's account. Each batch must consist of at least ten.

6. Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly closed if the nature of the contents be first exhibited or stated to the Postmaster General, as he may consider necessary, and approved by him. Printed Circulars may be inserted in such Pattern Packets.

Local Parcel Post.

1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post between any of the British Post Offices in China or Japan, as well as to Macao, Pahoi, Singapore, Penang, and Malacca. They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, not weighing more than 5 lbs. The postage will be 20 cents per lb., which will include Registration. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General.

2. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes, &c.) Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive, or injurious in transit.

3. Parcels will as a general rule be forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission, and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels is such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the senders against any but a very remote probability of loss.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

5. Mails exchanged with Manila and Saigon.

The Philippine Islands are being now admitted into the General Postal Union, it follows that all paid correspondence received from Manila in the mails will be delivered free by this Office, and that all paid correspondence sent to Manila in the mails will be delivered free there.

Article IX of the Postal Treaty of Berne provides that "Neither the senders nor the addressees of letters and other postal packets shall be called upon to pay, either in the Country of Origin, or in that of Destination, any tax or duty other than the recognised rates levied (in the case of paid correspondence) by the despatching Office. It is hoped that any extra charge, or apparently extra charge, will at once be brought to the notice of the proper authorities, in either Colony."

The above does not apply in any to loose letters sent outside the mails. These will always be charged on arrival in Hongkong and probably the Manila Office will adopt the same course.

Complaints are sometimes received of extra charges on correspondence exchanged between this Colony and Saigon, but it is believed it would be found in all cases that the letters, &c., had been sent loose.

Any Foreign stamp on loose correspondence are transparent, so as to enable the Officers of the Post Office readily to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

There must be no writing or printing upon or in any packet except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender, a trade mark or number, and the price of the articles.

The rule which forbids the transmission through the Post of any article likely to injure the contents of the Mail Bags or Boxes, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office is, of course, applicable to the Pattern Post; and a packet containing anything of the kind will be stopped, and not sent to its destination. Articles such as

the following have been occasionally posted as Patterns, and have been detained as

Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters. Private in H. M. Army or Navy, Non-commissioned Officers, Army Schoolmasters (not superintending or First Class) or Schoolmistresses may send half-ounce letters to the United Kingdom via Southampton by British Packet, for one penny; or via Brindisi by British Packet for three-pence. Hongkong stamps will prepay this class of correspondence exactly the same as Imperial Stamps.

Soldiers' and Sailors' letters are, however, charged as ordinary letters if they do not conform to the following regulations:

1. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

2. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full on the letter, and the commanding Officer must sign his name, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

3. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

4. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

5. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

6. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

7. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

8. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

9. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

10. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

11. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

12. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

13. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

14. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

15. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

16. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

17. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

18. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

19. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

20. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

21. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

22. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

23. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

24. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

25. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

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34. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

35. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

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37. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

38. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

39. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

40. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

41. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

42. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked *a*, near the Kowloon shore *b*, and those in the body of the shipping or midway between each shore are marked *c*, in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

- From Green Island to the Gas Works.
- From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.
- From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office.
- From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co.'s Office.

- From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Wharf.
- From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard.
- From Naval Yard to the Pier.
- From Pier to East Point.

| Vessel's Name. | Anchor age. | Captain. | Flag and Rig. | Tons. | Date of Arrival. | Consignees or Agents. | Destination. | Remarks. |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Steamers. | | | | | | | | |
| Adria | 5 c | Stewart | Brit. str. | 781 | July 16 | P. & O. S. N. Co. | Bombay | |
| Alverton | 4 c | Darnell | Brit. str. | 1036 | July 23 | Meyer & Co. | | |
| Argentino | 8 c | Barnett | Brit. str. | 915 | April 22 | Turner & Co. | | |
| Bonfidi | 4 c | Buchanan | Brit. str. | 999 | July 24 | Gibb, Livingston & Co. | | |
| Bombay | 2 b | Brit. str. | 749 | Feb. 12 | Kwok Acheong | Foochow | For Sale To-day Laid up | |
| Campana | 2 b | Brit. str. | 95 | Oct. 2 | Kwok Acheong | | | |
| Cassandra | 4 c | Langer | Ger. str. | 937 | July 15 | Wm. Pustau & Co. | | |
| Charlton | 5 c | Johnson | Brit. str. | 726 | July 17 | Geo. R. Stevens & Co. | Australian Ports | 3rd prox. |
| Douglas | 5 b | Pitman | Brit. str. | 864 | July 27 | Douglas Lapraik & Co. | Coast Ports | |
| Fame | 6 b | Stepani | Brit. str. | 117 | | H. K. & W. P. Dock Co. | | |
| Fitzpatrick | 5 b | Humphries | Brit. str. | 567 | April 18 | Gee Chong Hong | | |
| Hesperia | 2 b | Faulken | Ger. str. | 1036 | July 26 | Sleemsen & Co. | | |
| Klenchow | 2 c | Grove | Dan. str. | 701 | July 22 | Sleemsen & Co. | | |
| Kjøbenhavn | 4 c | McCulloch | Brit. str. | 1035 | July 1 | McLchers & Co. | Bangkok | |
| Lorne | 5 c | McLafferty | Brit. str. | 884 | July 24 | Sleemsen & Co. | Straits | |
| Madagascar | 2 b | Tamm | Ger. str. | 1079 | June 30 | McLchers & Co. | Yokohama | |
| Madras | 5 c | Richardson | Brit. str. | 1709 | July 24 | P. & O. S. N. Co. | | To-morrow |
| Malacca | 2 b | Smith | Brit. str. | 782 | June 28 | Sleemsen & Co. | | |
| Mayenne | 4 b | Xin Chui Yen | Arma. str. | | June 20 | | | |
| Norma | 5 b | Westoby | Brit. str. | 862 | July 24 | Douglas Lapraik & Co. | Coast Ports | To-morrow |
| Oceanic | 3 b | Walker | Brit. str. | 606 | June 28 | Kwok Acheong | | |
| Paragua | 4 c | Gil | Span. str. | 8700 | July 20 | P. & O. S. N. Co. | Yahama & S. F. Fclco | 6th prox. |
| Parsee | 4 c | Sargent | Brit. str. | 402 | July 15 | Remedios & Co. | Manila | |
| Pelican | 2 b | Woolcott | Brit. str. | 1014 | July 22 | Kwong Wing Shun | Saporo and Penang | |
| Quarta | 5 b | Haye | Ger. str. | 2098 | July 26 | P. & O. S. N. Co. | Shanghai | |
| Rejamanianianhar | 2 b | Hopkins | Brit. str. | 933 | July 24 | Yuen Fat Hong | Saigon | To-morrow |
| Sea Gull | 8 b | Roberts | Amer. str. | 48 | July 18 | W. H. Ray | Bangkok | |
| Stentor | 6 b | Kirkpatrick | Brit. str. | 1304 | July 26 | Butterfield & Swire | London, &c. | To-day |
| Thales | 5 b | Poock | Brit. str. | 878 | July 4 | Douglas Lapraik & Co. | | |
| Yanguo | 5 b | Schultz | Brit. str. | 782 | June 28 | Sleemsen & Co. | Shanghai | |
| Zambezi | 5 c | Synoms | Brit. str. | 1541 | July 24 | P. & O. S. N. Co. | Kloon Dock | |
| Sailing Vessels. | | | | | | | | |
| Albert Russell | 7 c | Carver | Amer. bge. | 762 | July 15 | Russell & Co. | | |
| Alice D. Cooper | 5 b | Humphrey | Amer. sh. | 1393 | July 24 | Captain | | |
| Alva | 5 c | Souza | Port. sh. | 631 | July 16 | Brandao & Co. | | |
| Annie Lorway | 6 c | Gales | Brit. bge. | 752 | May 27 | Hagedorn & Co. | | |
| Anton Gunther | 2 b | Kuhn | Ger. bge. | 440 | July 14 | Edward Schellhass & Co. | | |
| Aroela | 4 c | Peney | Brit. bge. | 947 | April 24 | Carlowitz & Co. | | |
| Athens | 3 b | Findlay | Brit. bge. | 605 | July 15 | Horne Company, Limited | | |
| B. von Middelburg | 2 b | Blanker | Dutch bge. | 628 | June 17 | Sleemsen & Co. | | |
| Bua Case | 2 b | Lange | Span. bge. | 838 | July 25 | Yuen Fat Hong | | |
| C. L. Pearson | 3 c | Swain | Am. 3m. sc. | 664 | July 22 | Vogel, Hagedorn & Co. | | |
| Channel Queen | 4 c | Lechacheur | Brit. bge. | 609 | June 11 | Edward Schellhass & Co. | | |
| Charlotte Andrews | 2 b | Place | Brit. bge. | 356 | June 19 | Rozario & Co. | | |
| Charon Wattana | 2 b | Ulrich | Siam. sh. | 565 | July 22 | Chinese | | |
| Coetan | 3 b | Cromwell | Amer. coh. | 188 | July 16 | W. H. Ray | | |
| Creswell | 3 b | White | Brit. bge. | 464 | July 22 | Wieler & Co. | | |
| Dirigo | 7 c | Staples | Amer. bge. | 684 | July 14 | Butterfield & Swire | | |
| Fair Leader | 1 b | Morris | Brit. bge. | 497 | June 18 | Russell & Co. | | |
| Fontenoy | 1 c | Taylor | Brit. sh. | 635 | July 22 | Vogel, Hagedorn & Co. | | |
| Frederick | 2 c | Kermode | Brit. bge. | 909 | May 30 | Norton & Co. | | |
| Friedrich | 4 b | Dau | Ger. bge. | 594 | June 26 | Wm. Pustau & Co. | | |
| Friedrich | 3 c | Hoyer | Ger. 3m. sc. | 295 | July 16 | Wieler & Co. | | |
| Gallah | 1 b | Dentzau | Siam. bge. | 542 | July 11 | Chinese | | |
| Highlander | 1 b | Hulchinson | Amer. sh. | 1852 | June 19 | Captain | | |
| Hiram Emery | 7 c | Wyman | Amer. bge. | 709 | July 12 | Russell & Co. | | |
| Hopeful | 2 b | Doncaster | Brit. bge. | 216 | July 14 | Douglas Lapraik & Co. | | |
| Jean Pierre | 4 c | Legasas | Span. bge. | 607 | June 18 | Vogel, Hagedorn & Co. | | |
| Josephus | 3 c | Porter | Amer. bge. | 488 | July 11 | Carlowitz & Co. | | |
| Julio | 2 c | Launay | Span. bge. | 504 | July 5 | Carlowitz & Co. | | |
| Kate Tatian | 4 c | Pittethly | Brit. bge. | 276 | July 4 | Adamson, Bell & Co. | | |
| Kenton | 8 b | Colvin | Brit. bge. | 667 | June 8 | Vogel, Hagedorn & Co. | | |
| Kirkland | 2 c | Colledge | Brit. bge. | 435 | July 15 | Wieler & Co. | | |
| Landseer | 7 c | Knowles | Amer. sh. | 1418 | July 23 | Douglas Lapraik & Co. | | |
| Ledora | 2 b | Jones | Brit. sh. | 860 | June 19 | Meyer & Co. | | |
| Lottie Moore | 8 b | Hudson | Amer. bge. | 880 | July 22 | Arnhold, Karberg & Co. | | |
| Louis Eugene | 3 c | Merrud | Brit. bge. | 416 | July 22 | Carlowitz & Co. | | |
| Margot | 2 c | Hopson | Brit. bge. | 331 | July 10 | Wieler & Co. | | |
| Marquis of Argylle | 2 c | Hudson | Brit. coh. | 501 | June 23 | Rozario & Co. | | |
| Maria Louise | 4 c | Hubbux | Brit. coh. | 684 | July 12 | Carlowitz & Co. | | |
| Mary Blair | 7 c | Wyman | Brit. coh. | 1808 | July 22 | Butterfield & Swire | | |
| McNear | 4 c | Houghward | Brit. bge. | 489 | July 11 | Wm. Pustau & Co. | | |
| Minna | 4 c | Carson | Brit. bge. | 457 | June 17 | Meyer & Co. | | |
| Moss Glen | 4 c | Brewan | Brit. bge. | 549 | May 29 | Carlowitz & Co. | | |
| Norman Court | 3 c | Garrison | Brit. bge. | 834 | June 10 | Turner & Co. | | |
| Nyassa | 3 c | Garrison | Brit. sh. | 799 | May 16 | Vogel, Hagedorn & Co. | | |
| Oscar | 3 c | Windhorst | Brit. sh. | 735 | July 5 | McLchers & Co. | | |
| Por Ardua | 4 c | Taggart | Brit. bge. | 781 | July 14 | Meyer & Co. | | |
| Phatou | 3 c | Schiel | Brit. bge. | 576 | July 14 | Wieler & Co. | | |
| Philip | 2 b | Southwood | Amer. bge. | 582 | July 14 | Chinese | | |
| Princess Saraphi | 3 c | Minchan | Siam. bge. | 301 | July 14 | Wieler & Co. | | |
| Queen of the Seas | 1 b | Harrison | Brit. bge. | 940 | July 26 | Order | | |
| Rifflman | 4 c | Bishop | Brit. bge. | 264 | July 18 | Sleemsen & Co. | | |
| San Francisco | 3 b | Porter | Brit. sh. | 1745 | July 18 | Gibb, Livingston & Co. | | |
| Sarah Bell | 7 c | Ditchburn | Brit. bge. | 805 | June 19 | Rozario & Co. | | |
| Silas Fish | 2 b | Williams | Amer. bge. | 945 | June 19 | Olyphant & Co. | | |
| Sir Charles Napier | 3 c | French | Brit. sh. | 1161 | May 27 | Vogel, Hagedorn & Co. | | |
| Sir Harry Parkes | 2 c | Chapman | Brit. sh. | 816 | May 22 | Wieler & Co. | | |
| Sonag | 8 c | Simmons | Amer. bge. | 1004 | June 21 | Meyer & Co. | | |
| Sumatra | 3 c | Clough | Amer. sh. | 1090 | June 30 | B Russell & Co. | | |
| Summer M. Read | 4 c | Dixon | Amer. sh. | 1117 | July 10 | Insurance Company | | |
| Ta Hong Kong | 4 b | Buthmann | Siam. sh. | 636 | July 6 | Yuen Fat Hong | | |
| Teodora | 4 c | Lopez | Span. bge. | 627 | July 13 | Russell & Co. | | |
| The Frederick | 1 b | Koop | Brit. bge. | 812 | July 20 | Order | | |
| The Tweed | 7 b | Bice | Brit. sh. | 1745 | July 18 | Gibb, Livingston & Co. | | |
| Tokata | 4 c | Harrison | Brit. bge. | 805 | June 19 | Olyphant | | |